**词汇与结构**

1. – Write to me when you get home.

– OK, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. Must B. should

C. will D. can

1. Tom is so talkative. I’m sure you’ll soon get tired \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him.

A. Of B. with

C. at D. on

1. I don’t know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to deal with such matter.
2. What B. how

C. which D. /

1. - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is your girl friend like?

* She is very kind and good-looking.

1. How B. what

C. which D. who

1. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ driving me home, even though I told him I lived nearby.

A. Insisted on B. insisted at

C. insisted that D. insisted in

1. We came finally \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the conclusion that she has been telling lies all the time.
2. Of B. into

C. to D. at

1. I won’t make the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mistake next time.
2. Like B. same

C. near D. similar

1. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lives in the house where he was born.
2. Already B. yet

C. still D. ever

1. I am not used to speaking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ public.
2. In B. at

C. on D. to

1. I didn’t know what to do, but then an idea suddenly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to me.
2. Appeared B. happened

C. occurred D. emerged

1. Measles (麻疹) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a long time to get over.
2. Spend B. spends

C. take D. takes

1. A pair of spectacles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what I need at the moment.

A. Is B. are

C. has D. have

1. – Do you want to wait?

* Five days \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ too long for me to wait.

1. Was B. were

C. is D. are

1. You had better \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a doctor as soon as possible.
2. Seeing B. saw

C. see D. seen

1. The boy is not happy at the new school. He has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ friends there.

A. Few B. a few

C. little D. a little

1. I fell and hurt myself while I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ basketball yesterday.

A. Was playing B. am playing

C. play D. played

1. Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ more than twenty pounds on the novel.
2. Spent B. paid

C. cost D. took

1. Don’t forget \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the window before leaving the room.
2. To have closed B. to close
3. C. having closed D. closing
4. Twenty people were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wounded in the air crash.
5. Quickly B. wrongly

C. bitterly D. seriously

1. The top of the Great Wall is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for five horses to go side by side.
2. Wide B. so wide

C. wide enough D. enough wide

1. We’ve missed the last bus. I’m afraid we have no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but to take a taxi.
2. Way B. choice

C. possibility D. selection

1. Nancy is considered to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the other students in her class.
2. Less intelligent B. the most intelligent

C. intelligent as well D. as intelligent as

1. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that he was wrong.
2. Clearly B. clarity

C. clear D. clearing

1. There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a book and some magazines on the desk.

A. Is B. be

C. have D. has

1. She is not only my classmate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ also my good friend.
2. Or B. but

C. and D. too

1. He asked the waiter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the bill.
2. On B. of

C. for D. after

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you are leaving tomorrow, we can have dinner together tonight.

A. Since B. While

C. For D. Before

1. I would like to do the job \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you don’t force me to study.
2. In case B. although

C. though D. as long as

1. The reason I did not go abroad was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a job in my home town.
2. Because B. due to

C. that I got D. because of getting

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_she survived the accident is miracle.
2. What B. that

C. As D. Which

1. I often see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the road on his way home.
2. He cross B. him cross

C. him crossed D. he crossing

1. His mother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ alone since his father died.
2. Lived B. lives

C. has lived D. is living

1. The workers are busy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ models for the exhibition.
2. To make B. with making

C. being making D. making

1. It was well known that Thomas Edison \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the electric lamp.
2. Discovered B. invented

C. found D. developed

1. She wonders \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will happen to her private life in the future.

A. That B. it

C. this D. what

1. The higher the temperature, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the liquid evaporates.

A. The faster B. the more fast

C. the slower D. the more slower

1. Australia is one of the few countries \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people drive on the left of the road.
2. Which B. that

C. where D. on which

1. Sunday is the day \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people usually don’t go to work.

A. When B. which

C. in which D. that

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you know, David has been well lately.
2. Which B. As

C. what D. when

1. The harder you study, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you will learn.
2. Much B. many

C. the more D. much more

1. They got there an hour \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than the others.
2. Early B. much early

C. more early D. earlier

1. The grey building is the place where the workers live, and the white building is the place where the spare parts \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. Are producing B. are produced

C. produced D. being produced

1. Once environmental damage \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it takes many years for the system to recover.
2. Is to do B. does

C. had done D. is done

1. We worked hard and completed the task \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. In the time B. on the time

C. ahead of time D. before time

1. I didn’t expect you to turn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting yesterday.

A. Up B. to

C. out D. over

1. I like the teacher \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ classes are very interesting and creative.
2. Which B. who

C. whose D. what

1. When Lily came home at 5 p.m. yesterday, her mother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dinner in the kitchen.
2. Cooked B. was cooking

C. cooks D. has cooked

1. I don’t know the park, but it’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be quite beautiful.

A. Said B. told

C. spoken D. talked

1. Mike is better than Peter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ swimming.
2. For B. at

C. on D. in

1. The young lady coming over to us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our English teacher; the way she walks tells us that!

A. Must be B. can be

C. would be D. could be

1. Eggs, though rich in nourishments, have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of fat.
2. A large number B. the large number

C. a large amount D. the large amount

1. Neither John \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his father was able to wake up early enough to catch the morning train.

A. Nor B. or

C. but D. and

1. Jane’s dress is similar in design \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her sister’s.
2. Like B. with

C. to D. as

1. His salary as a driver is much higher than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. A porter B. is a porter

C. as a porter D. that of a porter

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ these honors he received a sum of money.
2. Except B. but

C. besides D. outside

1. Would you let \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the park with my classmate, Mum?

A. Me go B. me going

C. I go D. I going

1. I have been looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from my parents.
2. Hear B. Being heard

C. be heard D. hearing

1. The manager will not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us to use his car.
2. Have B. let

C. agree D. allow

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her and then try to copy what she does.
2. Mind B. see

C. stare at D. Watch

1. Will you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me a favor, please?

A. Do B. make

C. bring D. give

1. It’s bad \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for you to smoke in the public places where smoking is not allowed.

A. Behavior B. action

C. manner D. movement

1. – It’s a good idea. But who’s going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the plan?

– I think John and Peter will.

A. carry out B. get through

C. take in D. set aside

1. The computer system \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ suddenly while he was searching for information on the internet.

A. Broke down B. broke out

C. broke up D. broke in

1. If she wants to keep slim, she must make a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in her diet.

A. Change B. turn

C. run D. go

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the War of Independence, the United States was an English colony.

A. Before B. at

C. in D. between

1. A police officer claimed he had attempted to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ paying his fare.

A. Avoid B. reject

C. refuse D. neglect

1. While I was in the university, I learned taking photos, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is very useful now for me.
2. It B. which

C. that D. what

1. He is not seriously ill, but only a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ headache.
2. Obvious B. delicate

C. slight D. temporary

1. On average, a successful lawyer has to talk to several \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a day.
2. Customers B. supporters

C. guests D. clients

1. What is the train \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Birmingham?
2. Fee B. tip

C. fare D. cost

1. You shouldn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your time like that, Bob, and you have to finish your school work tonight.
2. Cut B. do

C. kill D. kick

1. Both the kids and their parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English, I think. I know it from their accent.
2. Is B. been

C. are D. was